

Cap hat Heat Press HEST HT15



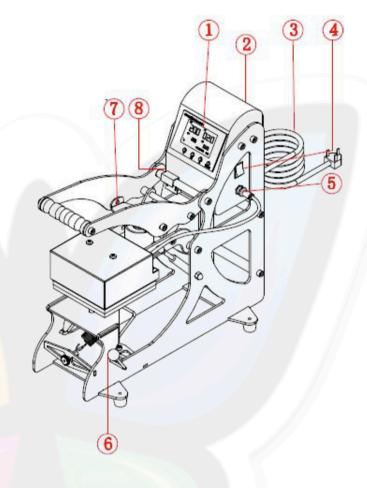
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I. Assembly Drawing

- 1 Mir Press Digital Controller
- @Electric Case
- 3 Power Cord
- Power Switch
- ⑤ Heater Socket
- **© Connecting Screws**
- 7 Electromagnet Suck Plate
- ® Limit Switch



II. Technical Parameters

Name: HEST HT15

Machine Type: Auto Release
Platen Size: 102*203mm
Under Plate: Changeable

Base Plate Size: 15x15cm & Cap Heater Controller: Digital Time & Temp. Control Printable Articles: Up to 10mm thickness

with emergency stop switch Opening Angle: 35 degrees Gas Spring Control: Yes Voltage: 120V/ 220V Power: 500-1000W

Emergency Open Button Time Range: 0-480 sec Maximum Temp: 225 C

Temperature Accuracy: ±0.5% **Packing Size:** 72*41*73cm

Net Weight: 22.50 kg Gross Weight: 24.50 kg



III. Operation Process



Turn on power switch, temperature light is ON. The digital display shows as above.



Press button, the light is on (C denotes Celsius). Press arrows "△" or "▽" to select "ℂ" or "F" (F denotes Fahrenheit) according to your habits.



Press button, the temp light is on. Select with arrows the temperature according to different transfer material (Normally 180°C ~ 200°C)

SV: Set temperature

PV: Current temperature



Press button after temperature setting and the time light is on.
Select with arrows the time according to different transfer material.

SV: Set temperature PV: Current temperature

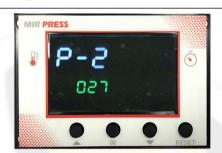


Press button to operating mode. Counter is "transfer cycle", from 0~999.Press "Reset" for 5 seconds to make the counter to be "0".

NOTE: Please do as follow:

- 1) When SV and PV has a big difference
- 2) When the temperature shows on the display is not the same as actual temperature on heat platen





When SV and PV has a big difference, press R button for 5 seconds, and press R button again to adjust the temperature. If SV&PV has difference of 20 degrees, Press arrows " \triangle " or " ∇ " to set to 20.



When the temperature shows on the display is not the same as actual temperature on heat platen, press on button for 5 seconds to reset mode:

When display shows 200°C, the actual heat platen temperature is 170 °C, Press arrows "△" or "▽" to set to 30.

② When display shows 200°C,the actual heat platen temperature is 230 °C, Press arrows "△" or "▽" to set to -30

3. Printing methods

Step 1: Make sure the cord is connected well to the wall socket. Place the object (i.e. T-shirt) on press bed, and transfer paper with images facing down the object, adjust pressure to your requirement, and start the machine.

Step 2: Set the temperature and time required, then temperature starts to rise.

Step 3: When the temperature rises to the setting temperature, the buzzer sends out sounds; then close down heat platen (meantime the sounds stop) and starts to transfer.

Step 4: Then the time counter is on, once time is up, the upper heat platen will auto open and swing away to another side automatically.

Setp5: Consult the Transfer Paper instructions on whether to peel cold or hot, Here are suggested Pressing time guidelines for different transfer paper.

Ink-Jet Transfer Paper (fabric) 14-18 seconds

Laser Copier/Printer Transfer Paper (fabric) 18-25 seconds

Sublimation Transfers (onto Fabrics) 25-30 seconds

Sublimation Transfers (onto FR-Plastic/Woods) 60-70 seconds

Recommendations:

1) Ceramic tile transfer: (Mugs & Plates transfer is similar)

Set temperature: 180℃. Set time: 15 seconds 2) T-shirt transfer: Set temperature: 180℃.

Set time: (chemical fiber use for sublimation transfer paper: 30-50 seconds; pure cotton use for T-shirt

transfer paper: 10-20 seconds)

step 6: When the temperature rises to the set temperature, the buzzer sends out a sound; then close down heat platen(meantime the sounds stop) and starts to transfer.



- **step 7:** Time is counting down; once time is up,the buzzer will send out a sound again, the heat platen will open automatically (meantime the sounds stop).
- Step 8: Work finish and take out the cap. If you want to print on another cap, press button and confirm the time and temperature set as last time, then repeat above process.

NOTE:

- 1) Please switch off the machine and unplug the power cord when the machine is not in use.
- 2) The heat platen will cool down to the room temperature, if heat press stays un-use for more than 30 minutes.
- 3) The heat-releasing fan will automatically starts when the temperature of heat platen reaches 80 degree C (176 degree F). It helps to reduce the temperature of electrical parts and prolong the service life of them.
- 4) For better maintenance of heat press, the maximum setting temperature is 210 degrees C (410 degrees F).
- 5) To avoid re-heating the first transfer when printing double sided T-Shirts, insert a sheet of cardboard in between the shirt, adjust the height to less pressure, then press.
- 6) Heat platen may pivot slightly back and forth rationally. This is due to movement allowance within the clamp assembly, and is normal.
- 7)Plate Heat Element: Fitted with locking screws, and insert the socket.

IV. Maintenance

1. No action after turn on the machine

- 1). Check the plug whether it connects well or whether it is broken.
- 2). Check the power switch or digital controller whether it is broken.
- 3). Check the fuse whether it has been burnt out.
- 4). Indicating light is on, but no display on screen, check the 5 cable of Railway transformer. If it's loosening, showing the problem is poor connection. If they connects well, showing that the Transformer is faulty.

2. The display screen are working well, but no temperature increasing on the heat platen.

- 1). Check whether the thermocouple of the heat platen touches well. If the thermocouple is loose, the display will show 255 and machine keeps beeping.
- 2). Check if the indicating light of solid-state relay is on, if not, check if the relay or digital controller is broken.
- 3). If you already changed the new solid-state relay but the heat platen still can't heating up, check if the heat platen is faulty or the heat platen's power cable is loose, need to change by new heat platen.
- 3. The heat platen works well, but suddenly the display screen show 255℃.
- 1). Check whether the thermocouple of the heat platen touches well.
- 2). If the thermocouple touches well but still show 255°C, then it is faulty.
- 4. The machine is heating during $0\sim180\,^{\circ}$ C, but display number jumps to above $200\,^{\circ}$ C or $300\,^{\circ}$ C suddenly, or the numbers on display jumps irregularly.
- 1). Check whether the thermocouple of the heat platen touches well.



- 2). If the thermocouple is good, It shows that the program of digital controller is broken, which namely IC or is broken, need to change by new controller.
- 5. The temperature is out of control: Set 180°C, but the actual temperature is above 200°C.
- 1). It means the solid-state relay is broken, out of control, need to change the relay.
- 2). Or the digital controller is faulty and it keeps conveying electric to relay, need to change controller.
- 6. The setting temp and time becomes abnormal after exchange the heat platen
- 1). Please reset the temp and time according the operation process manual.

7. Other notice

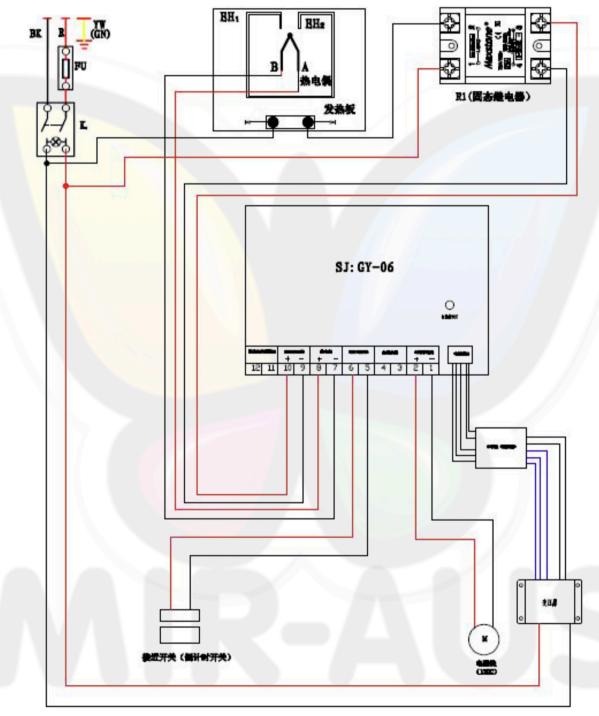
- 1). In order to prolong the machine service life, please add the lubrication oil regularly on the joints.
- 2). In order to keep the heat platen's good transfer effect, you need to protect the heat platen carefully whenever you are using it or not.
- 3). Please keep the machine in dry place.
- 4). If you are not able to solve the electrical parts problem, please kindly contact the supplier and get technical support.

V. Trouble shooting for transfer print quality

- 1. If the print color is pale: the temperature is too low / the pressure is not correct / or not pressed long enough.
- 2. If the print color is too brown or the transfer paper is almost burnt: reduce the setting temperature.
- 2. If the print is blurring: too much transfer time causes proliferation.
- 3. If print color is different/ partial transfer effect is not good enough: the pressure is not enough / or not pressed long enough / or poor quality transfer paper.
- 4. If transfer paper stick to the object after transfer: the temperature is too high/ or poor quality printing ink.



VI. Circuit Diagram



K₀:Power Swith

C:Magnet

K₂:Limit Switch

T:Transformer

FU:Fuse

R1:Relay

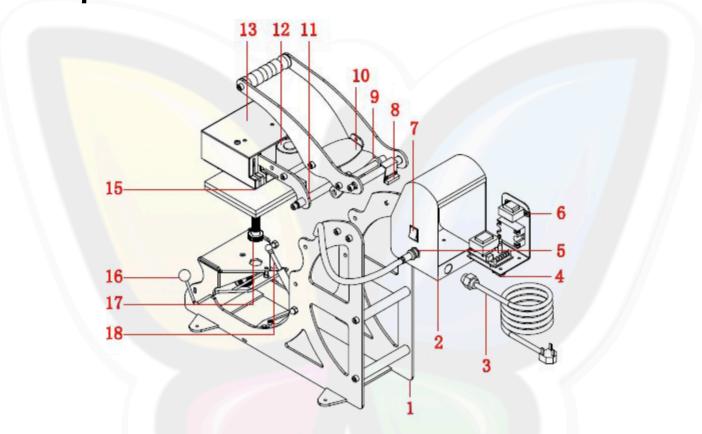
EH1 EH2:Heating Pipe

MD:Magnet Driver

SJ:Digital Controller



VII. Explosion View



No.	Part Name	Qty
1	Machine Frame	1
2	Electric Case	1
3	Power Cord	1
4	Fuse Holder	1
5	Heating Plate Socket	1
6	Electrical Parts Bracket	1
7	Power Switch	1
8	Limit Switch	1
9	Connecting Piece	2
10	Electromagnet Suck Plate	1
11	Davit Arm	1
12	Electromagnet	1

13	Flat Heat Platen Cover	1
15	Flat Heat Platen	1
17	Pressure Adjust Gear	1
18	Gas Spring	1